Year: 7 Term 1a

Topic: Unit 1- Getting started with Office 365

Learning Journey

Prior learning:

Students will be joining WSFG from a range of feeder primary schools. Prior skills, knowledge and understanding will differ in relation to resources available at these schools. Many students would have used applications in Ofice365 at school and during lockdown learning and therefore will be familiar with the software applications. There is a possibility that students would have used alternative applications such Google Classroom or ShowMyHomework and it is therefore a requirement to introduce the concepts of Cloud computing and Office365 skills.

| | Endpoint | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Main learning steps | ICT classroom rules and expectations shared. | Students are introduced to the Office365 dashboard and main apps | Students are introduced to the concepts of 'Cloud Computing' | Students are introduced to MS Teams and key features of this application | Whole class feedback- Bronze assessment Students are shown how to access and | Whole class feedback- Silver assessment | Students understand the concepts of Cloud computing and networking. Students understand the importance of keeping passwords |
| | Office365 logins. Students log in to school network | Students will be introduced to Outlook and the key features of this | Students are shown OneDrive app and key features | Students are shown how to access Class Notebook from Teams | use Microsoft Word and PowerPoint from Office365 dashboard | | and data files secure. Students can log in to the school network and Office365 and use the following Microsoft applications: |
| | Students login to Office365 and navigate apps. | emailing application. | Students are shown how to add new files and folders | Students are shown the Assignments feature on Teams and how to upload/ submit work. | Students are introduced to key features of Word and PowerPoint and how these files can be saved to OneDrive | | Teams OneNote/Class Notebook Outlook OneDrive Word PowerPoint |
| Assessment | Baseline test | | | Bronze test- Multiple choice | Silver test- Multiple choice | Gold assessment- End of unit project to assess skills of Class Notebook and Teams | |

Where will we use these ideas again:

Students will use Office365 skills throughout KS3 Computing and across other subjects. All classwork/ homework will be assigned on Teams and completed on Class Notebook. All files will be saved on OneDrive and any student-teacher communication will take place through Teams or Outlook.

Year: 7 Term 1b

Topic: Unit 2-Computational Thinking

Learning Journey

Prior learning:

Student understanding of computational thinking will vary depending on what feeder schools they attended. Majority will have some understanding of algorithms and would have applied this understanding in mostly block coding environments such as Scratch. The other cornerstones of computational thinking are less likely to have been investigated and many students will be introduced to these concepts for the first time.

| Learning sequence – | | | | | | | Endpoint |
|---------------------|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| Main learning steps | Students will be introduced to the four cornerstones of computational thinking and the key terms: Algorithm, Abstraction, Decomposition, Pattern recognition | Whole class feedback- Bronze assessment Students will learn how to solve a problem by thinking like a computer scientist. Data provided to students will need to be decomposed, abstracted and patterns in the data will need to be recognised before a solution (algorithm) is produced. | Students will apply their understanding of computational thinking to solve further mystery problems. Why did Mark Zuckerberg make Facebook? What was the problem? How was it solved? | Whole class feedback- Silver assessment Students will learn how to present an algorithm in standard English, Pseudocode and in a Flowchart diagram | Students will be given a problem. In pairs, they will need to devise a solution using the concepts of computational thinking: decomposition, abstraction and Pattern recognition. Students will present their work to the class using suitable presentation software | | Students understand the terms Algorithm, decompositions, Abstraction and Pattern recognition. Students are able to plan a program using flowcharts and pseudo-code. Students are able to understand what an efficient algorithm is. Students are able to produce an algorithm to solve a problem. |
| Assessment | Bronze test: Multiple-choice | | Silver test: Multiple choice | | Gold assessment. | | |

Where will we use these ideas again: Students will revisit the concepts of computational thinking during programming units throughout their KS3 computing journey. Students will be able to apply their knowledge of solving a problem and implementing an algorithm when programming in Scratch and Python

Year: 7 Term 2a

Topic: Unit 3- Collaborating Online Safely

Learning Journey

Prior learning: Students will have learnt about e-safety at primary school during Computing and PSHE lessons as part of the National Curriculum requirements. Again, the knowledge and understanding of collaborating online respectfully and safety will differ depending on the materials delivered by each feeder school. This topic is however important to revisit, particularly as new applications and social network platforms are frequently introduced to young people.

Students will have been introduced to Office 365 and the ability to communicate online through Teams and Outlook. This unit will highlight to students the need to communicate respectfully and professionally using the schools forums.

| | Endpoint | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| Main learning steps | Students will learn how to be respectful when communicating online. Students will also learn about their digital footprint. | Students will learn about cyberbullying and what to do if they or a friend are affected by cyberbullying. | Students will have a look at and decide which scenarios constitute inappropriate content or contact. Students will also find out how to report any concerns that they have about what they experience online. | Whole class feedback- Bronze assessment Student will learn how to keep their accounts secure by using a sensible password. Students also learn how to keep their online data secure when communicating and playing games online. | Students will learn how to find copyright free images to use in their own digital products. Students will also understand the importance of identifying the source of information in their digital products. | Whole class feedback- Silver assessment Students will learn how to create a professional PowerPoint presentation using consistent design tools. Students will create a presentation for a year 6 audience. | Students will understand the importance of keeping their school and personal account secure. Students will understand how to communicate online respectfully Students will learn to use copyright free images and how to source the owner of information taken from the internet. Students will know to recognise and report any concerns when communicating online. |
| Assessment | | | Bronze test- Multiple choice | | Silver test- Multiple choice | Gold assessment | |

Where will we use these ideas again: Students will use this knowledge in the Cyber-security unit in year 8. General e-safety understanding will be consistently revised during computing lessons. Students will also use PowerPoint presentation skills in other units when presenting their work.

Year: 7 Term 2b

Topic: Unit 4- Introduction to Programming

Learning Journey

Prior learning: Students will have learnt the terms algorithms, decomposition, abstraction, pattern identification, sequence, selection and iteration in unit 2-computational thinking. Students will also have used the Scratch program in unit 2 and used the repeat block.

| Learning sequence – | | | | | | | Endpoint |
|---------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| Main learning steps | Students will revise the terms algorithms, decomposition, abstraction, pattern identification Students will be introduced to the Logo programming language and the Logo online programming application Students will write basic instructions in Logo to draw simple shapes (square, triangle, rectangle, pentagon) | Students will learn about the Pen Up and Pen Down function in Logo to draw more than one shape next to each other Students will learn how to make their Logo program more efficient by using the Repeat function | Students will understand what a procedure is in programming Students will create a program in Logo using procedures. Students will identify the benefits of using procedures in their code. | Whole class feedback- Bronze assessment Students will recap on how to use Scratch from the previous unit. Students will recap on the programming techniques: Sequence, selection and iteration Students will create programs in Scratch to draw simple shapes (square, triangle, rectangle, pentagon) Students will learn to make their Scratch codes more efficient by using the Repeat blocks | Students will learn how to create a procedure in Scratch Students will create a dance routine in Scratch using the repeat function and procedures. | Whole class feedback- Silver assessment Students will understand syntax errors Students will be able to identify errors in a given code and understand how to correct the error. | Students can create a program that solves a problem using a basic text- based language (Logo) and block-based programming language (Scratch) Students can use sequencing, selection and iteration to create a program. Students can look for and correct syntax errors in a program |
| Assessment | | | Bronze test: Multiple- choice | | Silver test: Multiple- choice | Gold assessment- Create a presentation to show understanding of Logo, Scratch and key programming techniques | |

Where will we use these ideas again:

Students will continue to learn the concepts of programming in Python units 8 and 15. Programming will also be revisited when teaching the concepts of Boolean logic, searching and sorting in unit 17 and computer models in unit 11.